

# SAFETY DATA SHEET Phytol (Natural)

According to Appendix D, OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR §1910.1200

### 1. Identification

Product identifier

Product name Phytol (Natural)

Chemical name 2-Hexadecen-1-ol, 3,7,11,15-tetramethyl-, [R-[R\*,R\*-(E)]]-

Product number W1715N

Synonyms; trade names 2-Hexadecen-1-ol, 3,7,11,15-tetramethyl-, (2E,7R,11R)- trans-Phytol Phytol 3,7,11,15-

Tetramethylhexadec-2-en-1-ol (E)-3,7,11,15-Tetramethyl-2-hexadedcen-1-ol (2E,7R,11R)-3,7,11,15-Tetramethyl-2-hexadecen-1-ol PHYTOL (E)-(7R,11R)-3,7,11,15-Tetramethylhexadec-2-ene-1-ol

CAS number 150-86-7

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Application Laboratory chemicals, Manufacture of substances.

Uses advised against No specific uses advised against are identified.

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Synerzine

5340 Highway 42 Ellenwood, GA 30294 (404) 524-6744 info@synerzine.com

Contact Person James Elliott

Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone INFOTRAC 1-800-535-5053 (Reference Contract # 102471)

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Physical hazards Not Classified

Health hazards Skin Irrit. 2 - H315

Environmental hazards Aquatic Chronic 4 - H413

Label elements

Hazard symbols



Signal word Warning

Hazard statements H315 Causes skin irritation.

H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

# Phytol (Natural)

Precautionary statements P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection.

P302+P352 If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.

P321 Specific treatment (see medical advice on this label).
P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.

#### Other hazards

This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current EU criteria.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substances

Product name Phytol (Natural)

Chemical name 2-Hexadecen-1-ol, 3,7,11,15-tetramethyl-, [R-[R\*,R\*-(E)]]-

CAS number 150-86-7
Chemical formula C20H40O

Composition comments Named component present at ≤100%.

## 4. First-aid measures

### Description of first aid measures

General information Get medical attention immediately. Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.

Inhalation Remove affected person from source of contamination. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm

and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as collar, tie or belt. When breathing is difficult, properly trained personnel may assist affected person by administering oxygen. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure

breathing can take place.

Ingestion Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Give a few small glasses of water or milk to drink. Stop if the affected

person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless under the direction of medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Place unconscious person on their side in the recovery position and ensure breathing can take place. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing

such as collar, tie or belt.

Skin Contact Rinse with water.

Eye contact Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart.

Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes.

Protection of first aiders First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. Wash contaminated

clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or wear gloves. It may be

dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

General information See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will

vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.

Inhalation Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.

Ingestion May cause irritation.

Skin contact Redness. Irritating to skin.

Eye contact May cause temporary eye irritation.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

## Phytol (Natural)

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

**Extinguishing media** 

Suitable extinguishing media The product is not flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water

fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up.

Hazardous combustion products Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or

vapors.

Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during

firefighting

Avoid breathing fire gases or vapors. Evacuate area. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapors and protect men stopping the leak. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

Special protective equipment for

firefighters

Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Standard Firefighter's clothing including helmets, protective boots and gloves will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary

and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination

and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material.

**Environmental precautions** 

Environmental precautions Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the aquatic

environment. Large Spillages: Inform the relevant authorities if environmental pollution occurs (sewers,

waterways, soil or air).

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately

and dispose of waste safely. Approach the spillage from upwind. Small Spillages: If the product is soluble in water, dilute the spillage with water and mop it up. Alternatively, or if it is not water-soluble, absorb the spillage with an inert, dry material and place it in a suitable waste disposal container. Large Spillages: If leakage cannot be stopped, evacuate area. Flush spilled material into an effluent treatment plant, or proceed as follows. Contain and absorb spillage with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Place waste in labeled, sealed containers. Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly, observing environmental regulations. The contaminated absorbent may pose the same hazard as the spilled material. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dangerous for the environment. Do not empty into drains. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal

site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority.

Reference to other sections For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See

Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

# 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

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Usage precautions

Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Handle all packages and containers carefully to minimize spills. Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Avoid the formation of mists. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions

Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Store in accordance with local regulations. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Utilize retaining walls to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.

Storage class

Miscellaneous hazardous material storage.

Specific end uses(s)

Specific end use(s)

The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.

### 8. Exposure controls/Personal protection

Ingredient comments

No exposure limits known for ingredient(s).

**Exposure controls** 

Protective equipment







Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimize worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimize

Eye/face protection

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with OSHA 1910.133. Unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection is required, the following protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses.

Hand protection

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with OSHA 1910.138 and be demonstrated to be impervious to the chemical and resist degradation. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.

Other skin and body protection

Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.

Hygiene measures

Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.

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Respiratory protection Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment

indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is NIOSH approved. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134. Half mask and quarter

mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134.

Environmental exposure controls Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment

should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be

necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### 9. Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Clear liquid.

Color Colorless to pale yellow.

Odor Balsamic Floral Odor

Odor threshold *Not available.*pH *Not available.* 

Initial boiling point and range 202°C @ 10 mm Hg

Flash point > 110°C/230°F Method: Closed cup.

Not available.

Not available

Evaporation rate Not available.

Upper/lower flammability or Not available.

explosive limits

Partition coefficient

Melting point

Vapor pressure Not available.

Vapor density Not available.

Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies) Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature Not available.

Decomposition Temperature Not available.

Viscosity Not available.

Explosive properties Not available.

Oxidizing properties Not available.

Molecular weight 296.5 g/mol

#### 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity See the other subsections of this section for further details.

Stability Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed

storage conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions No potentially hazardous reactions known.

Conditions to avoid There are no known conditions that are likely to result in a hazardous situation.

# Phytol (Natural)

Materials to avoid No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a hazardous

situation.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion

products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapors.

### 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity - oral

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - dermal

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Summary Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory sensitization

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Skin sensitization

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration hazard

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

General information The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of

exposure.

Inhalation Prolonged inhalation of high concentrations may damage respiratory system.

Ingestion May cause irritation.

Skin Contact Redness. Irritating to skin.

Eye contact May cause temporary eye irritation.

Route of exposure Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

Target Organs No specific target organs known.

## 12. Ecological information

# Phytol (Natural)

Acute aquatic toxicity

Summary Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity - fish LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: >100 mg/l, Brachydanio rerio (Zebra Fish)

Chronic aquatic toxicity

Summary May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

Persistence and degradability

Bioaccumulative potential

Bio-Accumulative Potential No data available on bioaccumulation.

Partition coefficient Not available.

Mobility in soil

Mobility No data available.

Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects None known.

## 13. Disposal considerations

#### Waste treatment methods

General information The generation of waste should be minimized or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products

wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

Disposal methods Do not empty into drains. Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed

waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labeled with their contents. Waste packaging should be collected for reuse or recycling. Incineration or landfill should only be considered

when recycling is not feasible.

## 14. Transport information

General The product is not covered by international regulations on the transport of dangerous goods (IMDG, IATA,

DOT).

**UN Number** 

UN No. (International) Not applicable.

UN No. (DOT) Not applicable.

UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name

Not applicable.

(International)

Proper shipping name (DOT)

Not applicable.

Transport hazard class(es)

Transport Labels (International)

No transport warning sign required.

DOT transport labels

No transport warning sign required.

Packing group

Packing group (International) Not applicable.

# Phytol (Natural)

DOT packing group Not applicable.

**Environmental hazards** 

Environmentally Hazardous Substance

No

Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

DOT reportable quantity Not applicable.

DOT TIH Zone Not applicable.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

Not applicable.

the IBC Code

### 15. Regulatory information

Regulatory References OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR §1910.1200

Inventories

Canada - DSL/NDSL

DSL

US - TSCA Present.

## 16. Other information

Classification abbreviations and Skin Irrit. = Skin irritation

acronyms Aquatic Chronic = Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic)

Training advice Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this material.

Revision comments NOTE: Lines within the margin indicate significant changes from the previous revision.

Revision date 3/30/2020

Revision 1

SDS No. 1255

Hazard statements in full H315 Causes skin irritation.

H413 May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life.

End of Safety Data Sheet

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.